## KUTUBANA /QUT.BAN, MIRIGAVATT, el. D.F. Plukker (Amsterdan, 1981)

dhūta' bhuamgama haū na ḍarāŭ kayā hōi jiu² tau bharamāŭ
rākasa bhūta jau re mohī khāhī tau māraga sidhi³ nēga lagāhī<sup>9</sup>
basatī<sup>6</sup> bana prītama binu lāgai<sup>6</sup> bhāu pamtha bana<sup>7</sup> rahai na bhāgai<sup>8</sup>
prītama lāgi<sup>9</sup> bahuta<sup>6</sup> dukha sahiai<sup>11</sup> dukha kai milai tau re<sup>12</sup> sukha rahiai<sup>13</sup>
dasa nakha kūvara dasana<sup>14</sup> mūha<sup>6</sup> mēlā uhai pamtha dekharāu<sup>16</sup> duhēlā
ohi<sup>19</sup> lagi jīu sākalapeū<sup>19</sup> āpana<sup>19</sup> jō bhāvai<sup>20</sup> sō hōu<sup>21</sup>
jō jiu dakhinā dījai<sup>22</sup> kāhū<sup>23</sup> tā kara kauna marōhu<sup>29</sup>
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marai ka dara' mohi kuchau' na lāgai ehī pamtha muē pāpa saba' bhāgai ehī 'pamtha' lāgi jo re jiu dēt duhū 'jaga dharama mola so lēt ohi sata kahahī' rikhēsara dēvā jo jiu mīta lāgi 'parachēvā '' jau pai sata hai tau sidhi hot durajana dhūta '' kāha kara'' kot'' sata sāghātt'' sātha hoi jāht'' sata sāghātt sātha bada tāht' sata kē '' sātha jo '' āeū sata seū '' lihu chadāi'' ehi thāū'' so<sup>22</sup> sata āhi sātha'' bada'' morē japaū'' tāhi kara nāū'6

karama āju maku āhi' hamāreu<sup>2</sup> siddha hōi kahā<sup>3</sup>gurū hākāreu<sup>4</sup> sasi re sarada mukha dēkhai pāvaũ jarē naina<sup>5</sup> dui amia<sup>6</sup> serāvaũ<sup>7</sup> sātau paūri nāghi<sup>9</sup> jau<sup>9</sup> āvā bēgara bēgara sātahu<sup>10</sup> bhāvā āgū āi<sup>11</sup> jo dēkhai<sup>12</sup> tāhī cāda baiṭha<sup>13</sup> tārē<sup>14</sup> saba āhī<sup>15</sup> kai janu<sup>16</sup> saraga kacapacī<sup>17</sup> uī tāla mājha phūlī janu<sup>18</sup> kuī<sup>19</sup> sōna<sup>20</sup> sīghāsana<sup>21</sup> ūpara<sup>22</sup> ujarata<sup>23</sup> bhāna baiṭha<sup>24</sup> oī<sup>25</sup> dēkha<sup>26</sup> jhāra lāgi āisa kahā ghamma<sup>27</sup> ēkau bharisi<sup>28</sup> na bēkha<sup>29</sup> 174

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Qutban - Mirigavati Line variants

114. Kuara kahā jamgama so superscr. E 1) Thus E; dūta D N; bhutā B; see 104.5, n.12 2) jtu hoi N 3) sudha E; sudht N 4) stra negahi lage B 5) basa tai E B; bāsa tau N 6) sāga calē N; cf. v.l. N 116.3a 7) bina E 8) This line reads in N: bhau cita binu raha na bhale; cf. v.l. N 116.3b; rahai na bana lagai B 9) Om. B 10) jo re E; pamtha N 11) sahai E; pãtha sahā hoi B 12) Om. B 13) lahai E: hoi B 14) dasau N B 15) mukha B 16) dikhava B 17) tehi E 18) In marg. pr. m. altered to na kālapeū D 19) Thus D B; om. E N 20) bhāvau E 21) Thus E; hoi D B; leu N; cf. 163.6 and 270.7 22) dtja dakhtna E; dachina dijta N 23) Thus D; om. E N; kahu, kahā add. B 24) chōhai B.

1/4. 1) more klai B 2) kuchu E; kichu N 3) se N 4) Om. E N B 5) neha E N B 6) duvau B 7) kaha E 8) rikhēsara in marg. pr. m. rewritten D; ko dēkhai (kaha dēkhaht B) sura N B; vahi saba kāha rakhē sura ed. PG 9) maita laga from misreading <u>Nasta'lig</u> script B 10) parachei N 11) Written as above for duta D E N; drurtjana duva B; see 104.5, n.12 12) karai N B 13) seva N; the lines 2b, 3b, 4b in the order 4b, 2b, 3b N 14) Thus E B; samga sagadhi D; cf. 158.1, n.2; satyā sāghāta N 15) hai jāhā N 16) The above line adopted from B; sata sāghāti sāthī bada āhī in marg. sec. m. corr. from samga sāghati sāthī bhala hoī D; ahf E; āhi bada tāha N 17) sata ke in marg. pr. m. corr. from samga D 18) hau E; mai N 19) Thus D B; om. E N 20) lehu chodae E 21) This half-line reads in N: saba thau linha chodāi; satau linha chadai B 22) abahu add. before so B 23) āhai sāthahi N 24) Om. N 25) japata B 26) manu lāi N

211. 1) aha maku aju E; matu ahai K 2) hamārā KN B 3) ka E; kē K; hona ko N 4) hākārā K N B 5) pēma K 6) The above reading adopted from E; dam. D; oht art K; lai ami N; vohi darisa B 7) bujhāvau B 8) lāght K 9) kai B 10) sātau K N B 11) jai K; age jai N 12) dekhtst B 13) baithi N B 14) tara N 15) This line

in K: tārana mājha camdu janu āhī; cf. 45.1b 16) janī E; re N; janau B 17) kacakacī D 18) jant E; jast K; jasi phuli N; janau B 19) koi K N 20) sone K; sonha N 21) sukhāsana D; see 85.4, n.16 22) para B 23) Thus D; om. E K B; ucharata N 24) baisa K; om. N 25) uht E; mai K; jo N; unht B 26) This half-line in marg. pr. m. rewritten, correcting eī to oī D 27) kahā, kō ghamma in marg. pr. m. inserted D; om. E K N B 28) paraga K 29) pekha E K; the half-line reads in N: ēkau guna nahi lēkhā; paiga bhart naht pēkha B.

## The Prince Addresses the Ascetic

'I do not fear ghosts and serpents!
If my life were within my body, I'd be afraid!
If a ghost or a demon were to eat me,
I'd gain perfection on the path as my reward.
Without my beloved, life is exile in the forest.
The traveller does not flee from the path of true feeling.<sup>i</sup>
For the beloved, one has to suffer many sorrows.
Only after suffering can one enjoy happiness.'
The Prince put all ten fingers in his mouth, a supplicant.
'Show me that path full of sorrows!
I am resolved to give up my life, come what may on the path!
For the one who gives his life up, does any concern matter at all?' [114]

## The Prince in the Herdsman's Cave

'I do not fear dying at all. All sins flee for the one who dies on this path!
Whoever gives up self for the sake of love, gains the right religion in both worlds!
That is the truth gods and sages extol, to detach oneself from the self for the friend!
Whoever follows this truth, is perfected.
Evil people, the cunning – what can they do then?
Truth travels as your companion.
The one who journeys with truth is great!
Since I have come here with truth, truth will liberate me from this spot! That truth is my great companion here, and I shall meditate on its name!' [174]

## The Prince at the Palace Gate

He thought, 'Today perhaps my actions will bear fruit, The guru has summoned me to attain perfection. I may see the face of that autumn moon, and slake my burning eyes with nectar.' He leapt across the seven steps. All seven had separate meanings.<sup>ii</sup> When he came forward, he saw the moon enthroned amongst all the stars, like the Pleiades rising in heaven, or water-lilies blossoming in a lake. He saw the sun blazing forth there, seated upon a throne of gold.

He was burnt by that sun's glare, unable to carry on in his guise. [211]

(Translated by Aditya Behl)

*true feeling*: here the suggestive word is *bhava*, 'being, existence, meaning, purport, emotion.' It is used in literary criticism to signify the feeling or emotion that is the basis

of the *rasa* that permeates a particular passage, poem, or play. Qutban uses the word to signify the path of true love. *"separate meanings*: here Qutban uses the suggestive word *bhava*, which can signify 'being', 'meaning,' or 'emotion,' to refer to the steps of spiritual praxis. The seven steps of the previous line suggest both the steps of the palace and the path towards spiritual perfection. For '*bhava*', see also note to verse 114.